## Music Progression Map – Thomas Willingale School and Nursery

• A rapidly widening repertoire which they use to create original, imaginative, fluent and distinctive composing and performance work.

• A musical understanding underpinned by high levels of aural perception, internalisation and knowledge of music, including high or rapidly developing levels of technical expertise.

• Very good awareness and appreciation of different musical traditions and genres.

• An excellent understanding of how musical provenance - the historical, social and cultural origins of music - contributes to the diversity of musical styles.

• The ability to give precise written and verbal explanations, using musical terminology effectively, accurately and appropriately.

• A passion for and commitment to a diverse range of musical activities.

EYFS	KS1 LEARNING	KS2 LEARNING
Expressive Arts and Design	<ul> <li>use voices expressively and</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>play and perform in solo and</li> </ul>
Exploring and using media	creatively by singing songs and	ensemble contexts, using their
and materials 40-60 months	speaking chants and rhymes	voices and playing musical
<ul> <li>Begins to build a repertoire of</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>play tuned and untuned</li> </ul>	instruments with increasing
songs	instruments musically	accuracy, fluency, control and
<ul> <li>Explores the different</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>listen with concentration</li> </ul>	expression
sounds of instruments	and understanding to a range	<ul> <li>improvise and compose</li> </ul>
	of highquality live and	music for a range of purposes
ELG	recorded music	using the inter related
Children sing songs, make	<ul> <li>experiment with, create,</li> </ul>	dimensions of music
music.	select and combine sounds	<ul> <li>listen with attention to</li> </ul>
	using the inter -related	detail and recall sounds with
Being Imaginative	dimensions of music.	increasing aural memory
ELG They represent their own		<ul> <li>use and understand staff</li> </ul>
ideas, thoughts and feelings		and other musical notations
through music.		<ul> <li>appreciate and understand a</li> </ul>
		wide range of high-quality live
		and recorded music drawn
		from different traditions and
		from great composers and
		musicians
		<ul> <li>develop an understanding of</li> </ul>
		the history of music.

	Music Vocabulary Guide	
EYFS	KS1	KS2
Chant	Year 1 – as EYFS plus:	Year 3 – as Key Stage One plus
• Fast	• beat	<ul> <li>names of orchestral</li> </ul>
• Follow	• beater	instruments
• High	• cymbal	<ul> <li>accompaniment</li> </ul>
• Instrument	• drum	call and response
• Low	<ul> <li>high (sound)</li> </ul>	• castanets
• Loud	• listen	• composer
• Quiet (use instead of 'soft')	• loud	conductor
• Repeat	• low (sound)	• duet
• Rhythm	• perform	duration
• Sing	• quiet	• dynamics
• Slow	• shaker	glockenspiel
• Song	steady beat	• lyrics
• Sounds	• tambourine	melodic phrase
Sounds	• tempo	melody
	• triangle	orchestra
	• tune	orchestration
	• voice	• ostinati
	• voice	• round
	Voor 2 os Voor 1 plus	• scale
	Year 2 – as Year 1 plus	
	accompany     body paravesian	stepwise movement
	body percussion	• structure
	chime bar	• theme
	• chord	• unison
	• claves	• woodblock
	• compose	• xylophone
	• duration	
	ostinato	Year 4 – as Year 3 plus:
	• percussion	harmony
	• phrase	improvise
	• pitch	<ul> <li>leaping (large interval</li> </ul>
	• pulse	between two notes)
	• recorder	<ul> <li>pentatonic</li> </ul>
	• score	
	<ul> <li>tuned percussion</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>untuned percussion</li> </ul>	Year 5 – as Year 4 plus:
	• volume	• Accent
		• bass
		<ul> <li>notation</li> </ul>
		• texture
		• timbre
		Year 6 – as Year 5 plus:

diction
• interval
syncopation

•• •	Early Years –	- Progression Map	
Music PERFORMING	COMPOSING	APPRAISING	ACTIVITY/LINK TO
<ul> <li>Can they use their voice to speak/sing/chant?</li> <li>Do they join in with singing?  <ul> <li>Can they clap short rhythmic patterns?</li> <li>Can they experiment with creating sounds with different instruments?</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can they make a range of sounds with their voice?</li> <li>Can they make a range of sounds with instruments?</li> <li>Can they represent sounds pictorially?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can they say if they like or dislike a piece of music?</li> <li>Can they identify and distinguish environmental sounds?</li> <li>Can they begin to describe the sounds?</li> <li>(e.g. loud, quiet, high, low, fast, slow)</li> <li>Can they begin to express how music makes them feel?</li> </ul>	SCHEME OF WORK •Singing simple songs and nursery rhymes. •Singing songs relating to the topics. •Singing songs for Christmas Nativity play. •Sound patterns for children to copy. •Use of percussion instruments for accompanying
	Early Years - G	reater Depth	
• Can they perform a rhythm?	<ul> <li>Can they begin to sequence sounds to create a rhythm or beat?</li> <li>Can they repeat (short rhythmic and melodic) patterns?</li> <li>Can they begin to read pictorial representations of music? (e.g. colour coded bells, music story maps)</li> </ul>	• Can they identify reasons why they like some music more than others?	<ul> <li>Use hand claps or knee pats to copy and keep a beat.</li> <li>Use voices to make loud/quiet sounds .</li> <li>Different types of music – fast, slow, bumpy.</li> <li>Children talk about what the music makes them feel like and how they want to move their bodies to each piece of music.</li> </ul>

		Progression Map -	
Music			
		Year 1 - Music	
PERFORMING	COMPOSING	APPRAISING	ACTIVITY LINK TO SCHEME OF WORK

		· Care the set former and	
Can they use their	Can they make	<ul> <li>Can they form an</li> </ul>	AUTUMN TERM
voice to	a range of sounds	opinion to express how	Focus
speak/sing/chant?	with their voice?	they feel about a piece	1)Florence Price,
• Do they join in	<ul> <li>Can they make</li> </ul>	of music?	Chineke! Orchestra,
with singing? • Can	a range of sounds	<ul> <li>Can they recognise</li> </ul>	Sheku Kammah Mason.
they clap short	with	repeated patterns?	2) Harvest Festival and
rhythmic patterns?	instruments?	<ul> <li>Can they tell the</li> </ul>	Nativity songs.
<ul> <li>Can they use</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can they</li> </ul>	difference between a	Nativity soligs.
instruments to	identify changes	fast and slow tempo,	
perform a simple	in sounds?	loud and quiet, and high	• Listen to Sound song,
piece?	<ul> <li>Can they tell</li> </ul>	and low sounds?	what sounds can the
<ul> <li>Can they respond</li> </ul>	the difference	<ul> <li>Can they hear the</li> </ul>	children hear?
to musical indications	between long	pulse in a piece music?	•Teach the song by 'echo-
about when to play	and short	<ul> <li>Can they tell the</li> </ul>	singing' each line, use
or sing?	sounds?	difference between loud	hands to create a range of
<ul> <li>Can they respond</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can they</li> </ul>	and quiet sounds?	different sounds.
musically with	represent sounds	<ul> <li>Can they describe</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Sign Sing a Rainbow</li> </ul>
increasing accuracy	pictorially?	how sounds are made	•Choose an Instrument,
to a call (high/low,	<ul> <li>Can they make</li> </ul>	and changed?	individual children to
loud/soft, fast/slow)	a sequence of	<ul> <li>Can they respond to</li> </ul>	choose an instrument and
and keep a steady	sounds for a	different moods in	accompany the song
pulse?	purpose?	music and say how a	instruments.
		piece of music makes	<ul> <li>Listen and respond in</li> </ul>
Listening		them feel?	movement to high and
<ul> <li>Respond to</li> </ul>			low sounds.
different moods of			<ul> <li>All children to take part</li> </ul>
music, in different			in singing and creating
ways			actions for the songs
			themselves.
			<ul> <li>Instruments to be played</li> </ul>
			in the performance too.
			<ul> <li>Children take part in a</li> </ul>
			Music walk, listening for
			sounds of the season.
			Leaves crunching,
			squirrels popping acorns
			etc
			<ul> <li>Using untuned</li> </ul>
			instruments they will
			create their own Autumn
			compositions.
			<ul> <li>Using voices and</li> </ul>
			untuned percussion, they
			will create a composition
			based on the sounds in
			Santa's Workshop.
			*Learn to sing in parts.
			Mango, mango song.
			Listen carefully to each
			part and then put all
			together.

•Pupils are able to
recognise the difference
between a fast and slow
tempo when they are
performing.
•Composers and music
history link –
Handel, Ben E King (Black
History Month) Parry.
Leroy Anderson – Sleigh
Ride
SPRING TERM
Focus
Young Person's Guide
to the Orchestra
•Learn to sing in parts.
Mango, mango song.
Listen carefully to each
part and then put all
together.
•Listen and respond to the
music. Movement and
creative expressions.
•Draw what you hear.
Create our own exhibition
of the music.
<ul> <li>Create a musical sound</li> </ul>
picture of your own.
<ul> <li>Using instruments to</li> </ul>
make a musical picture to
perform to the class.
•How does the music
describe the scene/object
that was chosen?
•Exploring the timbre and
different characteristics of
a piece of music.
•Perform and listen to our
own creative pictures
based on Britten's Sea
Symphony.
SUMMER TERM
Focus
1)Music for a royal
occasion/Carnival of the
animals
2)Nellie the Elephant,
Never smile at a

			crocodile, The Royal Family song. 3)Handel – Zadok the Priest
			<ul> <li>'The Royal Family' Sing Up! song – Children all joining in with the song, with a different child choosing an instrument for each new verse.</li> <li>Afterwards practice using the instruments to play them loudly and quietly.</li> <li>Identify how instruments make sound.</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>Listen to 'Carnival of the Animals' – discuss what they imagine as they listen – pretend to be different animals and move to the music.</li> <li>Understand how instruments are grouped together in an orchestra.</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>Using instruments move and respond to the different sounds like a different animal.</li> <li>A loud animal eg Lion, a quiet animal eg Mouse etc</li> <li>Create a short piece with instruments and voices to describe a secret animal.</li> </ul>
	Year 1	Greater Depth – Music	
• Can they perform a rhythm to a steady pulse?	<ul> <li>Can they repeat (short rhythmic and melodic) patterns?</li> <li>Can they give a reason for choosing an instrument?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can they identify what different sounds could represent and give a reason why?</li> <li>Can they identify texture - listening for whether there is more than one sound at the same time?</li> <li>Can they identify musical structure in a</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can they respond to the symbols which show them how to either play louder, quieter, very quietly or very loudly?</li> <li>Can the children respond appropriately?</li> </ul>

	piece of music (verse,	
	chorus etc.)?	

	Progression Map - Music		
	Year 2 - Music		
PERFORMING	COMPOSING	APPRAISING	ACITIVY/LINK TO SCHEME OF WORK
<ul> <li>Can they follow the melody using their voice or an instrument?</li> <li>Can they sing songs as an ensemble following the tune (melody) well?</li> <li>Can they perform in an ensemble with instructions</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can they order sounds to create a beginning, middle and end?</li> <li>Can they represent sounds pictorially with increasing relevance? • Can they choose sounds to achieve an effect (including use of technology)?</li> <li>Can they begin to compose short melodic patterns</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can they identify particular features when listening to music?</li> <li>Can they begin to associate sounds they hear with instruments?</li> <li>Can they independently identify the pulse in a piece of</li> </ul>	AUTUMN TERM Focus 1)Harvest Festival and Christmas Nativity songs. 2)Nat King Cole and Sheku Kannah Mason- Black History month. •Learn Sign Sing a Rainbow •Focus on clear diction. •Rhythm games as warm ups. •Watch singing performances from Llangollen International Eisteddfod. •Discuss different musical
from the leader (e.g. hand signals to indicate pitch and duration of notes)? • Can they play simple rhythmic patterns on an	using two or three notes (tuned instruments/voice)? • Can they create short, rhythmic patterns – sequences of long and short sounds? • Are they selective	music and tap along? • Can they listen carefully to recall short rhythmic patterns? • Can they begin to recognise changes in	<ul> <li>techniques used in the performances. (Pitch, melody, accompaniment)</li> <li>Learn the songs with actions for the Christmas performance.</li> <li>Focus on acting through song.</li> <li>Rhythm games as warm ups.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>instrument?</li> <li>Can they sing/clap a pulse increasing or decreasing in tempo? • Do they have control when playing instruments?</li> <li>Can they perform musical patterns keeping a steady pulse?</li> </ul>	in the control used on an instrument in order to create an intended effect? • Can they create their own symbols to represent sounds? • Can they choose sounds to create an effect on the listener?	timbre, dynamics and pitch? • Are they able to recognise and name different instruments by sight? • Can they evaluate and improve their own work and give reasons? <b>Listening</b> • Listen to simple inter- related	<ul> <li>1&amp;2</li> <li>Introduce the Glockenspiel <ul> <li>To learn and experience what is meant by a PULSE or a steady beat.</li> <li>To learn to keep a pulse through actions while playing a piece and to follow a changing tempo.</li> <li>To continue to consolidate understanding of pulse through practical activities such as clapping games with partners.</li> <li>To clarify the difference between rhythm and pulse.</li> <li>To revise the rest and to read and internalise rhythm patterns.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

dimensions of	
music	
Verbally recall	
what they have	
heard with	
simple	
vocabulary –	
loud, soft, high,	
low	
Begin to say	
what they like	
and dislike	
	SPRING TERM
	Focus
	1) World Music and
	Beethoven's 'greatest hits'
	2) Sing Jambo Bwana and
	Build a road of peace
	before us
	3)Learn dances from around
	the world.
	4) Compose based on the 4
	notes of Beethoven's 5 <sup>th</sup>
	Symphony.
	<ul> <li>Introduction to World Music.</li> </ul>
	Discuss all known instruments.
	Make a list at the start of the unit
	and one at the end.
	<ul> <li>Each week, hear a selection of</li> </ul>
	traditional music and instruments
	from each country
	<ul> <li>Invite in a 'real' musician to play</li> </ul>
	'live' for the children.
	<ul> <li>Focus on pitch and part singing.</li> </ul>
	Who goes high? Who sings low?
	Learn Jambo Bwana song and
	work on the part singing.
	GLOCKENSPIEL Spring 1 & 2
	• Focus on pitch and sounds. Learn
	the name rhythm game. Focus on the sounds and rhythm of each
	the sounds and rhythm of each
	name.
	<ul> <li>Compose a special version on the recorder using different pitches to</li> </ul>
	symbolise their own name.
	• Introduce the notes and the
	stave.
	• Worksheets and code breaker
	games to support this.

			SUMMER TERM Focus 1) Pictures at an Exhibition/Hoe Down 2) Creative responses in art, drama, storytelling and composition.
			<ul> <li>Creatively respond to Pictures from an Exhibition through art and drama. Hoe Down through movement and storytelling.</li> <li>Listen to the way the music is structured.</li> <li>Listen to a wide selection of different pieces composed by these composers.</li> <li>Focus on the stories made in the compositions in different ways.</li> <li>How has pitch changed in the use of the compositions?</li> <li>Revisit all the songs and units from the past year.</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>GLOCKENSPIEL SUMMER 1 &amp; 2</li> <li>Focus on dynamics</li> <li>Listen to how we play. Are we playing too loudly?</li> <li>Demonstrate by watching some famous orchestras performing – how many colours can they make with dynamics?</li> <li>Worksheets to learn the different Italian names for dynamics and their meaning.</li> <li>Learn how to successfully draw a treble clef on a stave.</li> </ul>
		YFAR 2 – GI	REATER DEPTH
<ul> <li>Can they understand the importance of a warm up?</li> <li>Can they sing/play rhythmic patterns in contrasting</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can they use simple structures</li> <li>(e.g. repetition and order) in a piece of music?</li> <li>Do they know that phrases are where we breathe in a song?</li> </ul>	• Can they tell whether a change (e.g. pitch, tempo, dynamic, texture and timbre) is gradual or sudden and	•To learn about ostinatos. •Create a piece of music based on Debussy's style using instruments.

dynamics;	describe its	
keeping to the	effect?	
pulse?		

	Progression Map - Music			
	Year 3 - Music			
PERFORMING	COMPOSING	APPRAISING	ACTIVITY/LINK TO SCHEME OF	
			WORK	
• Do they sing	<ul> <li>Can they create</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can they use</li> </ul>	AUTUMN TERM	
songs from	repeated patterns	musical words	Focus	
songs from memory with increasing expression, accuracy and fluency? • Do they maintain a simple part within an ensemble? • Do they modulate and control their voice when singing and pronounce the words clearly? • Can they play notes on tuned and un-tuned instruments with increasing clarity and accuracy?	repeated patterns using a range of instruments? • Can they combine different sounds to create a specific mood or feeling? • Do they understand how the use of tempo can provide contrast within a piece of music? • Can they begin to read and write musical notation? • Can they effectively choose, order, combine and control sounds to create different textures?	musical words (pitch, duration, dynamics, tempo) to describe and give their opinion on a piece of music? • Can they evaluate and improve their work, explaining how it has improved using a success criterion? • Do they know that music can be played or listened to for a variety of purposes (including different cultures	<ul> <li>Focus <ol> <li>Harvest Festival performance.</li> <li>Black History month music –</li> <li>Big Bands <ol> <li>Composition – Sleigh Ride.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Watch performances from music from Baroque to Modern day. <ul> <li>Observe different musical performance techniques on the screen.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Listen to the recordings of the Big Bands focusing on Duke Ellington, Nat King Cole and Ella Fitzgerald. <ul> <li>Movement through the music, dancing along to the beat.</li> <li>Discuss the importance of this style and era in Musical History.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Appraise the effectiveness of Prokofiev's 'Sleigh Ride'.</li> </ol></li></ul>	
<ul> <li>Can they</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can they use</li> </ul>	and periods in	<ul> <li>How is the music so exciting?</li> </ul>	
improvise	silent beats for	history)?	<ul> <li>Which musical techniques is</li> </ul>	
(including call	effect (rests)?	• Are they able	Prokofiev using to create the	
and response)	• Can they	to recognise a	excitement of the ride?	
within a group	combine different inter-related	range of		
using the voice? • Can they	dimensions of	instruments by ear?	RECORDERS	
collaborate to	music (e.g.	• Can they	• Alongside the Big Band music,	
create a piece of	fast/slow,	internalise the	learn to improvise in the lessons.	
music?	high/low,	pulse in a piece	• Give space to learn different	
	loud/soft) in their	of music?	rhythms.	
Listening	composition?	<ul> <li>Can they</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Focus on the pulse and keeping</li> </ul>	
Describe music		identify the	steady as you play.	
using				

	fastures 1111	
appropriate	features within a	• Continue with rhythm games.
vocabulary	piece of music?	Learn how to successfully draw
<ul> <li>Begin to</li> </ul>		the notes on the stave and label
compare		them.
different kinds of		
music		<ul> <li>Listen to the Big Band music and</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Recognise</li> </ul>		write down how it makes you feel.
differences		<ul> <li>Record the improvising and listen</li> </ul>
between music		to how it can be improved.
of different times		
and cultures		• Dance along to the Big Band music
		in pairs.
		SPRING TERM
		EASTER PERFORMANCE FOCUS
		<ul> <li>Learn all the songs for the Easter</li> </ul>
		Performance.
		<ul> <li>Sing solos and in small groups.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Focus on acting through song.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Recognise the notes EGBDF and</li> </ul>
		FACE on the musical stave.
		<ul> <li>Recognise the symbols for a</li> </ul>
		minim, crotchet and semibreve and
		say how many beats
		they represent.
		<ul> <li>Listen to the music of Andrew</li> </ul>
		Lloyd Webber and explain how the
		music makes you feel.
		<ul> <li>Express the music through</li> </ul>
		movement.
		<ul> <li>Record a performance and ask</li> </ul>
		how it could be improved.
		now it could be improved.
		SUMMER TERM
		Focus
		1) The Firebird
		2)Peter and the Wolf
		_, _, _, _, _, _, _, _, _, _, _, _, _, _
		• Composition using untuned and
		tuned percussion to create a piece
		based on a mystical creature.
		-
		• Create piece based on Firebird.
		Choose the correct sounds to
		portray the creature.
		Discuss the way Stravinsky
		describes the firebird (in The
		Firebird)
		• Express the music through an art
		piece of the music.
		• What sort of rhythms are used?
		*What instruments?
		vvilat ilisti ullients?

			<ul> <li>Listen to flight of the Bumblebees and some of Swan lake and discuss how animals are portrayed here too, this will support the composition.</li> <li>Learn about Leitmotifs through Peter and the Wolf.</li> <li>Identify each instrument and it's character.</li> <li>Learn to sing 'Who's afraid of the Big Bad Wolf?'</li> <li>Focus on clear diction.</li> <li>Try solos and small groups to build confidence.</li> <li>Listen as we sing – are we able to sing loudly or quietly?</li> <li>Discuss which instrument they think they are and why?</li> <li>Recorder Summer 1 &amp; 2</li> <li>Worksheets on the note values.</li> <li>Worksheets on the notes on the stave.</li> <li>Learn and perform a piece for the Summer Concert.</li> <li>Focus on a clear sound with dynamics.</li> <li>Compose an abstract piece using recorders and untuned percussion instruments.</li> </ul>
		VEAR	3 – GREATER DEPTH
• Can they sing/play rhythmic patterns in contrasting tempo; keeping to the pulse?	<ul> <li>Can they create accompaniments for melodies?</li> <li>Can they compose a simple piece of music that they can recall to use again?</li> <li>Do they understand metre in 4 beats; then 3 beats?</li> </ul>	• Can they recognise changes in sounds that move incrementally and more dramatically? • Can they compare repetition, contrast and variation within a piece of music?	<ul> <li>3 – GREATER DEPTH</li> <li>Independently create clear rhythmic and melodic patterns on the recorder.</li> <li>Confidently perform and sing in front of an audience.</li> </ul>

	Progression Map - Music			
	Year 4 - Music			
PERFORMING	COMPOSITION	APPRASING	ACITVITY/LINK TO SCHEME OF WORK	
Can they	Can they use	Can they	AUTUMN TERM	
perform a simple	notations to	explain why	Focus	
part of an	record and	silence is used in	1) Harvest Festival songs.	
' ensemble	interpret	a piece of music	2) Black History month – Reggae	
rhythmically? •	sequences of	and say what		
Can they sing	pitches? • Can	effect it has? •	3) Film Music	
songs from	they use	Can they start to		
memory with	notations to	identify the	• Focus on clear diction and	
increasing	record	character of a	confident tone of voice.	
expression,	compositions in a	piece of music?	• Listen to the use of a minor key	
accuracy and	small group or on	<ul> <li>Can they</li> </ul>	Discuss the musical techniques	
fluency? • Can	their own?	describe and	used in each song.	
they improvise	<ul> <li>Can they read</li> </ul>	identify the	• Special attention taken to the	
using repeated	and understand	different	rhythms of the reggae style – focus	
patterns with	notation?	purposes of	on Black History month.	
increasing		music?	Prepare to take the lead in the	
accuracy and		Can they use	<ul><li>Harvest Festival performance.</li><li>Create suitable actions for the</li></ul>	
fluency?		musical words		
		(pitch, duration,	songs, listening to rhythm and lyrics.	
<ul><li>Listening</li><li>Describe what</li></ul>		timbre,	• Using instruments and hody	
		dynamics, tempo) to	<ul> <li>Using instruments and body percussion, make up your own</li> </ul>	
they hear using a wider range of		describe a piece	reggae style phrases.	
musical		of music and	• Continue to go over the stave	
vocabulary		composition?	notes and the note values.	
<ul> <li>Recognise how</li> </ul>		composition:	Move in time to the music in a	
the inter-related			reggae style.	
dimensions of			Focus on instrumentation in the	
music are used by			band.	
composers to			Continue to focus on the stave	
create different			notes and how to write them	
moods and			confidently on the stave.	
effects			,	
<ul> <li>Understand the</li> </ul>				
cultural and social				
meaning of lyrics				
<ul> <li>Appreciate</li> </ul>				
harmonies, drone				
and ostinato				
Explore ways				
the way in which				
sounds are				
combined				
towards certain				
effects				

Understand the	
relationship hotwoon buries	
between lyrics and melody	
	SPRING TERM
	<ul> <li>Learn all the songs for the Easter Performance.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Sing solos and in small groups.</li> <li>Focus on acting through song</li> </ul>
	• Focus on acting through song.
	As Year 4 take greater
	responsibility in taking the lead in the rehearsal process and
	performance.
	After the performances the
	children can feedback to each other
	on how to improve their work.
	<ul> <li>How can each group work together</li> </ul>
	and improve their ensemble next
	time?
	<ul><li>How was it performing to such a</li></ul>
	large audience?
	How did it make you feel?
	What song did you enjoy
	performing the most and why?
	performing the most and why:
	As Easter Performance is
	As Easter Performance is taking place, no
	taking place, no
	taking place, no composition will take place
	taking place, no composition will take place this term.
	taking place, no composition will take place this term. SUMMER TERM Focus
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		YEAR 4	– GREATER DEPTH
• Can they use selected pitches simultaneously to produce simple harmony?	<ul> <li>Can they explore and use sets of pitches, e.g. 4 or 5 note scales?</li> <li>Can they show how they can use dynamics to provide contrast?</li> </ul>	• Can they identify how a change in timbre can change the effect of a piece of music?	<ul> <li>Combine a variety of musical devices, including melody, rhythm and chords.</li> <li>Thoughtfully select elements for a piece in order to gain a defined effect.</li> <li>Convey the relationship between the lyrics and the melody.</li> </ul>

Progression Map – Music			
Year 5 – Music			
PERFORMING	COMPOSITION	APPRAISING	ACTIVITY/LINK TO SCHEME OF
			WORK
<ul> <li>Can they sing</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can they begin</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can they</li> </ul>	Autumn Term
and use their	to use standard	describe,	Focus
understanding of	notation?	compare and	1) Harvest Festival and Christmas
meaning to add	<ul> <li>Can they use</li> </ul>	evaluate music	Carol Service songs.
expression?	their notations to	using musical	2) Black History month performers
<ul> <li>Can they</li> </ul>	record groups of	vocabulary?	– Stevie Wonder, Ben E King,
perform 'by ear'?	pitches (chords)?	<ul> <li>Can they</li> </ul>	Ladysmith Black Mombazo,
<ul> <li>Can they</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can they</li> </ul>	suggest	Kingdom Choir.
improvise within	choose the most	improvements to	
a group using	appropriate	their own or	<ul> <li>Sing or play from memory with</li> </ul>
melodic and	tempo for a piece	others' work? •	confidence.
rhythmic	of music?	Can they choose	<ul> <li>Perform solos or as part of an</li> </ul>
phrases?	<ul> <li>Can they use</li> </ul>	the most	ensemble.
<ul> <li>Can they</li> </ul>	technology to	appropriate	<ul> <li>Sing or play expressively and in</li> </ul>
maintain their	compose music	tempo for a piece	tune.
part whilst others	which meets a	of music?	<ul> <li>Hold a part within a round.</li> </ul>
are performing	specific criterion?	<ul> <li>Can they</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Sing a harmony part confidently</li> </ul>
their part?		identify and	and accurately.
<ul> <li>Can they sing</li> </ul>	Listening	begin to evaluate	
or play from	<ul> <li>Identify cyclic</li> </ul>	the features	<ul> <li>Discuss the songs, how do they</li> </ul>
memory with	patterns – verse	within different	make you feel?
confidence	and chorus,	pieces of music?	<ul> <li>Study various performances, what</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Can they sing or</li> </ul>	bridge	<ul> <li>Can they</li> </ul>	are the differences?
play expressively	<ul> <li>Recognise how</li> </ul>	contrast the work	<ul> <li>Vocally how do the performers</li> </ul>
and in tune?	different inter-	of established	use their voices? Can you copy?

Can they hold a related composers and part within a dimensions of show	
part within a dimensions of show	
round? music are preferences?	
Can they sing a combined and	
harmony part used expressively	
confidently and in many different	
accurately? types of music	
Listening	
• Describe,	
compare and	
evaluate different	
kinds of music	
using an	
appropriate and	
broad musical	
vocabulary	
Analyse and	
compare features	
from a wide range	
of music	
Discern and	
distinguish layers	
of sound and	
understand their	
combined effect	
SPRING TERM	
Focus	
1)Composition	
2)Recognising different	genres of
music	8
3)Understanding music	history
	inscory
Listen to and differenti	ate hetween
different styles of music.	
Research and do a pro     style of music	
style of music.	no with an
Create rhythmic patter	
awareness of timbre and	
Combine a variety of m	
devices, including melod	ly, rhythm
and chords.	_
Thoughtfully select ele	
piece in order to gain a c	lefined
effect.	
Use drones and melod	ic ostinati
(based on the pentatonic	c scale).
Convey the relationshi	p between
the lyrics and the melod	

			<ul> <li>SUMMER TERM</li> <li>Focus</li> <li>1)The Minimalists</li> <li>2)The Enigma Variations – Elgar</li> <li>4 minutes 33 secs</li> <li>Half term lessons on the music of John Cage, Steve Reich and Terry Riley.</li> <li>Composition based, exploring the influence of these composers.</li> <li>What were you expecting?</li> <li>Do you think it is 'real' music.</li> <li>Learn and perform the Clapping Music phrase in parts by Steve Reich</li> <li>Where in musical history do the Minimalists fall?</li> <li>Why were they so important?</li> <li>Produce a piece of music using the techniques of these composers, to be performed and recorded in lesson time.</li> <li>Respond through art, drama and storytelling to Elgar's Enigma Variations.</li> <li>BBC Ten Pieces Party – watch video and respond.</li> </ul>
• Can they use	• Can they	YEAR 5 – GR • Can they	• Explore the pulse, rhythm and
<ul> <li>pitches</li> <li>simultaneously to</li> <li>produce harmony</li> <li>by building up</li> <li>simple chords?</li> <li>Can they devise</li> <li>and play a</li> <li>repeated</li> <li>sequence of</li> <li>pitches on a</li> <li>tuned instrument</li> <li>to accompany a</li> <li>song?</li> </ul>	identify (and use) how patterns of repetitions, contrasts and variations can be organised to give structure to a melody, rhythm, dynamic and timbre?	explain how tempo changes the character of music? • Can they identify where a gradual change in dynamics has helped to shape a phrase of music?	dynamics. • Use the feet to tap and create body percussion phrases. •Move to the pulse.

	Progression Map – Music			
	Γ		5 - Music	
Performing	Composition	Appraising	Apparsing/Activity linked to scheme of work	
<ul> <li>Can they begin to sing a harmony part?</li> <li>Can they begin to perform using notations?</li> <li>Can they take the lead in a performance?</li> <li>Can they take on a solo part?</li> <li>Can they provide rhythmic support?</li> <li>Can they perform parts from memory?</li> <li>Listening</li> <li>Evaluate differences in live and recorded performances</li> <li>Consider how one piece of music may be interpreted in different performers, sometimes according to venue and occasion</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Do they recognise that different forms of notation serve different purposes?</li> <li>Can they combine groups of beats?</li> <li>Can they use a variety of different musical devices in their composition? (e.g. melody, rhythms and chords)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can they refine and improve their work? • Can they evaluate how the venue, occasion and purpose affects the way a piece of music is created?</li> <li>Can they compare and contrast the impact that different composers from different times will have had on the people of the time?</li> <li>Can they analyse features within different pieces of music?</li> </ul>	Autumn Term Focus 1) Harvest Festival and Christmas Carol Service songs. 2) Black History month performers – Stevie Wonder, Ben E King, Kingdom Choir • As Year 6, confidently take the lead in all performances. • Understand the musical history of different songs and composers. • Sing in different parts. • Learn all the Harvest Festival songs and Carols for the KS2 Carol Service. • How can you sing Carol of the Bells more effectively? • What gives this carol such a unique sound? • Do you know any other carols in a minor key? • How does this compare with other Christmas songs?	
			SPRING TERM Focus 1) Debussy La Mer/ Michael Jackson Earth Song 2)Composition	
			<ul> <li>Where else has this song been performed?</li> <li>How do makes the music make you feel?</li> </ul>	

			Compose music themed on
			underwater.
			Watch film clip from the Blue Planet
			and using tuned and untuned
			percussion create a short creative
			response to it.
			<ul> <li>Choose appropriate dynamics,</li> </ul>
			tempo and instrumentation.
			<ul> <li>Discuss the song subjects Lennon</li> </ul>
			and McCartney wrote about.
			<ul> <li>Look at the lyrics carefully.</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>Compose your own verse and</li> </ul>
			chorus about where you live based
			on Penny Lane.
			• Perform these to each other.
			SUMMER TERM
			Focus
			Leavers performance.
			• Clear diction.
			<ul> <li>Confident solos in these</li> </ul>
			performances.
			• Learn the songs for the end of year
			performance.
			<ul> <li>Sing in solos and groups.</li> </ul>
			• Sing with clear diction, phrasing and
			harmonies.
		Year 6 – Grea	ter Denth
Can they	• Can they show	Can they	Record compositions and
perform a piece	how a small	appraise the	performances and give positive
of music which	change of tempo	introductions,	feedback to enable this.
contains two (or	can make a piece	interludes and	
more) distinct	of music more	endings for songs	
melodic or	effective?	and compositions	
rhythmic parts,	• Do they use the	they have	
knowing how the	full range of	created?	
parts will fit	chromatic		
together?	pitches to build		
	up chords,		
	melodic lines and		
	bass lines?		